# Math 320 Final Exam Study Guide 

## 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

- This study guide mostly covers new material since the last midterm, but the final exam will cover all material we have done this semester. To review older material you should review the previous study guides, exams, and homework problems.
- The exam will be in the testing center during finals week.
- Books, notes, and calculators will not be allowed.
- The study guides are not guaranteed to be exhaustive. Not appearing on the study guides does not mean that something will not appear on the exam.


## 2. DEFINITIONS

Know the definitions discussed in the book and in class, including:
(1) Hash table
(2) $L^{2}$ inner product
(3) Fourier series of a function $f$
(4) Piecewise Lipschitz
(5) Discrete inner product
(6) Discrete Fourier transform
(7) Circular convolution
(8) Hadamard product
(9) Band limited, Nyquist frequency, Nyquist rate
(10) Alias
(11) Haar father function and mother wavelet

Be able to produce examples and non-examples for these definitions.

## 3. THEOREMS/ALGORITHMS YOU SHOULD KNOW AND BE ABLE TO STATE AND BE ABLE TO USE

Be sure to know the full statement of each theorem, including all hypotheses.
(1) Orthonormality of $\left\{e^{i \omega k t}\right\}$ (Theorem 8.2.1) (Which inner product are we using?)
(2) Convergence of Fourier series (Theorem 8.2.16)
(3) Fast Fourier transform (including Lemma 8.5.17)
(4) Finite convolution theorem
(5) Periodic sampling theorem
(6) Haar sons form an orthogonal basis for $V_{j}$ and can be scaled to be orthonormal
(7) Haar daughter wavelets form an orthogonal basis for $W_{j}$, the orthogonal complement of $V_{j}$ inside $V_{j+1}$
(8) The space $V_{j+1}$ can be decomposed into $V_{j+1}=W_{j} \oplus_{\perp} W_{j-1} \oplus_{\perp} \ldots \oplus_{\perp} W_{0} \oplus_{\perp} V_{0}$.
(9) Fast wavelet transform

## 4. SAMPLE PROBLEMS

(1) Prove a statement such as (1) above.
(2) In what settings would a wavelet decomposition be more useful than a Fourier series? Explain.
(3) Describe the FFT and explain why its temporal complexity is $O(n \log n)$.
(4) Compute the discrete Fourier transform of the vector $(2,-1,4) \in \mathbb{C}^{3}$. Explain what this represents.
(5) Choose four constants $a, b, c, d$. Given a function $f$ that is equal to $a$ on $[0,0.25$ ), is equal to $b$ on $[0.25,0.5)$, is equal to $c$ on $[0.5,0.75)$, is equal to $d$ on $[0.75,1)$, and is periodic with period 1 , define $f$ at the points $0,0.25,0.5,0.75$ appropriately and find the exponential Fourier series of $f$.
(6) Choose two vectors $\mathbf{a}, \mathbf{b}$ in $\mathbb{R}^{4}$. Compute the convolution $\mathbf{a} * \mathbf{b}$ directly. Compute the convolution using the DFT, Hadamard product, and inverse DFT instead.

