

Algebra Syllabus for Ph.D. Qualifying Examination

1. Group Theory
 - (a) Basic definitions. Homomorphisms. Normal subgroups. Lagrange's theorem. Quotient groups.
 - (b) Examples: Symmetric groups, dihedral groups, cyclic groups, the quaternion group, etc.
 - (c) Group actions.
 - (d) Solvable groups. The Jordan-Hölder theorem.
 - (e) The Sylow Theorems.
 - (f) Direct and semidirect products.
 - (g) Free groups and their universal mapping property. Presentations of groups.
2. Ring Theory
 - (a) Basic definitions. Homomorphisms. Ideals. Quotient rings.
 - (b) Examples. Polynomial rings, matrix rings, etc.
 - (c) Rings of fractions
 - (d) Chinese remainder theorem
 - (e) Euclidean domains, principal ideal domains, and unique factorization domains.
 - (f) Unique factorization in polynomial rings. Tests for irreducibility.
3. Module Theory
 - (a) Basic definitions. Homomorphisms. Submodules and quotient modules.
 - (b) Exact sequences.
 - (c) Tensor products.
 - (d) Projective, injective, and flat modules.
 - (e) Modules over principal ideal domains, with applications to canonical forms for matrices, and the structure theorem for finitely generated abelian groups.
4. Field Theory and Galois Theory
 - (a) Field extensions. Algebraic and transcendental extensions.
 - (b) Splitting fields. Existence and uniqueness of algebraic closure.
 - (c) Separable and inseparable extensions.
 - (d) Cyclotomic polynomials and extensions.
 - (e) Fundamental theorem of Galois theory
 - (f) Finite fields.

- (g) Solvable and radical extensions. Application to insolvability of the quintic.
 - (h) Examples of Galois groups of low-degree polynomials.
 - (i) Galois-theoretic proof of the fundamental theorem of algebra.
 - (j) Transcendence bases.
5. Category Theory
- (a) Basic definitions and examples.
 - (b) Functors and natural transformations.
 - (c) Equivalence of categories.
 - (d) Products and coproducts.
 - (e) Direct and inverse limits.
 - (f) Representable functors and Yoneda's lemma.
 - (g) Adjoint functors.
6. Commutative Algebra
- (a) Noetherian rings and modules.
 - (b) Hilbert's basis theorem.
 - (c) Hilbert's Nullstellensatz.

Most of this material can be found in Dummit-Foote, *Abstract Algebra*, 3rd edition. The material on categories can be found in Jacobson, *Basic Algebra II*, 2nd edition.