Math 634 Hwk 2

Problem 1. Show that the space C^{ℓ} of all continuous real-valued functions on the non-negative reals \mathbb{R}_+ and with finite limit as $t \to \infty$, is a closed subspace of $(C(\mathbb{R}_+, \mathbb{R}), \|\cdot\|_{\infty})$ (and is thus a Banach space)

Problem 2. Let $D \subset X \oplus \mathbb{R}$ be open and f, g continuous maps of D into X. Assume that f and g are both Lipschitz continuous in the first variable with constant K > 0. Prove that if x(t) and y(t) are, respectively, solutions of the initial-value problems

$$x'(t) = f(x(t), t)$$
$$x(t_0) = x_0$$

and

$$y'(t) = g(y(t), t)$$

$$y(t_0) = y_0,$$

then

$$||x(t) - y(t)|| \le ||x_0 - y_0||e^{K|t - t_0|} + \frac{M}{K} (e^{K|t - t_0|} - 1),$$

where

$$M = \sup_{(x,t)\in D} \|f(x,t) - g(x,t)\|.$$

Problem 3. Let $a, b, u : [0, T] \longrightarrow \mathbb{R}_+$ be continuous. Suppose that u(t) satisfies

$$u(t) \le a(t) + \int_0^t b(s)u(s)ds.$$

Show that

$$u(t) \le a(t) + \int_0^t a(s)b(s) \exp\left(\int_s^t b(r)dr\right) ds.$$