## 25 September 2014 Derivatives

(1) Differentiate the following functions.
(a) $f(x)=6 x^{5}-10 x^{4}+\frac{1}{2} x^{2}-\frac{9 x}{5}+2$
(b) $g(x)=1 / x$ (hint: write it as $x^{-1}$ )
(c) $h(x)=\frac{x^{2}-x+2}{\sqrt{x}}$
(d) $p(t)=(2 t-3)^{2}$
(e) $r(t)=\frac{t-\sqrt{t}}{t^{1 / 3}}$
(2) Find an equation of the tangent line to the curve $y=\sqrt[4]{x}$ at the point $(1,1)$.
(3) For what values of $x$ does the graph of $f(x)=3 x^{2}-x^{3}$ have a horizontal tangent line?
(4) Find equations of both lines that are tangent to the curve $y=1+x^{3}$ and parallel to the line $12 x-y=1$.
(5) Evaluate $\lim _{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^{1000}-1}{x-1}$. (hint: this is a worksheet about derivatives).
(6) Suppose that $y=a x^{2}+b x$ has tangent line $y=3 x-2$ at $x=1$. Find $a$ and $b$.
(7) Let $f(x)=a^{x}$ for some $a>1$.
(a) Write $f^{\prime}(0)$ as a limit (you will not be able to simplify very far).
(b) Show that $f^{\prime}(x)=f^{\prime}(0) \cdot a^{x}$.
(c) Wouldn't it be nice if there were a choice of $a$ for which $f^{\prime}(0)=1$ ?

