

Splines

Spline: Continuity at knots

$$\begin{aligned}
 S_0(t_0) &= y_0 \\
 S_0(t_1) &= S_1(t_1) = y_1 \\
 S_1(t_2) &= S_2(t_2) = y_2 \\
 &\vdots \\
 S_{n-2}(t_{n-1}) &= S_{n-1}(t_{n-1}) = y_{n-1} \\
 S_{n-1}(t_n) &= y_n
 \end{aligned}$$

$$1 + 2(n-1) + 1 = 2n$$

Continuity for derivatives:

$S'_0(t_1) = S'_1(t_1)$	$S''_0(t_1) = S''_1(t_1)$
$S'_0(t_2) = S'_2(t_2)$	$S''_1(t_2) = S''_2(t_2)$
\vdots	\vdots
$S'_{n-2}(t_{n-1}) = S'_{n-1}(t_{n-1})$	$S''_{n-2}(t_{n-1}) = S''_{n-1}(t_{n-1})$
$n - 1$	$n - 1$

Total $4n - 2$ conditions:
still have two degrees of freedom

Determination of spline functions

$$S_i(x) = a_i + b_i x + c_i x^2 + d_i x^3, \quad x \in [t_i, t_{i+1}]$$

$$S''_i(x) = 2c_i + 6d_i x \quad (\text{LINEAR})$$

Let

$$\left. \begin{aligned}
 S''_i(t_i) &= M_i \\
 S''_i(t_{i+1}) &= M_{i+1}
 \end{aligned} \right\} \text{unknowns}$$

then

$$S''_i(x) = M_i \left(\frac{t_{i+1} - x}{t_{i+1} - t_i} \right) + M_{i+1} \left(\frac{x - t_i}{t_{i+1} - t_i} \right)$$

Integrate twice and fix constants of integration using $S_i(t_i) = y_i, S_i(t_{i+1}) = y_{i+1}$:

$$S_i(x) = \frac{M_i}{6} \frac{(t_{i+1} - x)^3}{t_{i+1} - t_i} + \frac{M_{i+1}}{6} \frac{(x - t_i)^3}{t_{i+1} - t_i}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& + \frac{6y_{i+1} - M_{i+1}(t_{i+1} - t_i)^2}{6(t_{i+1} - t_i)}(x - t_i) \\
& + \frac{6y_i - M_i(t_{i+1} - t_i)^2}{6(t_{i+1} - t_i)}(t_{i+1} - x)
\end{aligned}$$

Thus if M_i, M_{i+1} are determined, we have $S_i(x)$.

Determination of M_i 's

Use continuity of derivative of spline function to find M_i 's
(continuity of second derivative already assumed)

$$S'_{i-1}(t_i) = S'_i(t_i), \quad i = 1, 2, \dots, n-1$$

Since

$$\begin{aligned}
S'_i(x) &= -\frac{M_i}{2} \frac{(t_{i+1} - x)^2}{t_{i+1} - t_i} + \frac{M_{i+1}}{2} \frac{(x - t_i)^2}{t_{i+1} - t_i} \\
&+ \frac{6y_{i+1} - M_{i+1}(t_{i+1} - t_i)^2}{6(t_{i+1} - t_i)} \\
&- \frac{6y_i - M_i(t_{i+1} - t_i)^2}{6(t_{i+1} - t_i)}
\end{aligned}$$

so

$$\begin{aligned}
S'_i(t_i) &= -\frac{t_{i+1} - t_i}{3} M_i - \frac{t_{i+1} - t_i}{6} M_{i+1} + \frac{y_{i+1} - y_i}{t_{i+1} - t_i} \\
S'_{i-1}(t_i) &= \frac{t_i - t_{i-1}}{6} M_{i-1} + \frac{t_i - t_{i-1}}{3} M_i + \frac{y_i - y_{i-1}}{t_i - t_{i-1}}
\end{aligned}$$

Determination of M_i 's (cont'd)

So for $i = 1, 2, \dots, n-1$:

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{t_i - t_{i-1}}{6} M_{i-1} + \frac{t_{i+1} - t_{i-1}}{3} M_i + \frac{t_{i+1} - t_i}{6} M_{i+1} \\
&= \frac{y_{i+1} - y_i}{t_{i+1} - t_i} - \frac{y_i - y_{i-1}}{t_i - t_{i-1}}
\end{aligned}$$

Get $n-1$ equations with $n+1$ unknowns.

Need end conditions:

natural	clamped	specified
$M_0 = 0$	$S'(t_0) = f'(t_0)$	$M_0 = f''(t_0)$
$M_n = 0$	$S'(t_n) = f'(t_n)$	$M_n = f''(t_n)$

Note. other end conditions possible:

e.g. *not-a-knot* condition

Tridiagonal systems from spline functions

For natural splines get a symmetric, diagonally dominant tridiagonal system:

$$A \begin{bmatrix} M_1 \\ M_2 \\ \vdots \\ M_{n-1} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} v_1 \\ v_2 \\ \vdots \\ v_{n-1} \end{bmatrix}$$

where

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} u_1 & \frac{1}{6}h_1 & & & & \\ \frac{1}{6}h_1 & u_2 & \frac{1}{6}h_2 & & & \\ & & \ddots & \ddots & & \\ & & & \frac{1}{6}h_{n-3} & u_{n-2} & \frac{1}{6}h_{n-2} \\ & & & & \frac{1}{6}h_{n-2} & u_{n-1} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$h_i = t_{i+1} - t_i, \quad u_i = \frac{1}{3}(t_{i+1} - t_{i-1})$$

$$b_i = (y_{i+1} - y_i)/h_i, \quad v_i = b_i - b_{i-1}$$

Natural Cubic Spline

x	1	1.5	2	3	5
$f(x)$	1	0.67	0.5	0.33	0.2857

With $M_0 = M_4 = 0$,

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0.3333 & 0.083330 & & \\ 0.08333 & 0.5 & 0.1667 & \\ & 0.1667 & 1 & \end{pmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} M_1 \\ M_2 \\ M_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.3200 \\ 0.1700 \\ 0.1479 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$M_1 = 0.9238, \quad M_2 = 0.1448, \quad M_3 = 0.1237$$

In $[0, 1.5]$,

$$S(x) = 1.429 + 0.1868x - 0.9238x^2 + 0.3079x^3$$

In $[1.5, 2]$,

$$t_i = 1.5, t_{i+1} = 2, y_i = 0.67, y_{i+1} = 0.5,$$

$$M_i = 0.9238, M_{i+1} = 0.1448$$

$$S(x) = 3.345 - 3.645x + 1.630x^2 - 0.2597x^3$$

In $[2, 3]$,

$$S(x) = 1.295 - 0.5706x + 0.09347x^2 - 0.003513x^3$$

In $[3, 3.5]$,

$$S(x) = 1.479 - 0.7541x + 0.1546x^2 - 0.01031x^3$$